(Lth YEAR.) THE (No. 2490)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1794.

MAESTRICHT, *July* 9.

"ON Sunday morning, at two o'clock, the French attacked the whole line of the combined army from Gembloux to Waterloo. The cannonade was tremendu ous. According to a preliminary account from the prince of Saxe Cobourg's head quarters, which I neither believe myself nor wish you to believe, the French, after a moft bloody battle, which lafted till nine at night, were obliged to retreat. Our left wing, commanded by general Beaulieu, drove the enemy back three leagues; our centre, commanded by the prince of Orange, maintained its ground; our right wing, commanded by the prince of Cobourg in perfon, was obliged to retreat, but refumed its pofition in the evening. Of the enemy near 8000 were killed, as many wounded, and 3000 taken prifoners by general Beaulieu. Our lofs is computed at 9000 killed and wounded; but we maintained all our poffs before Bruffels yefterday morning, and were fending off only baggage, fick and wounded. Such are the exaggerations with which we are conftantly amufed with after every action, while the confequences as conftantly are retreating from poft to poft, with haffe and confufion, only fhort of abfolute flight.

It was, we are told, by the emperor's expref orders communicated to the prince of Cobourg, by count Matternich, that the combined armies were to evacuate the Netherlands, as foon as Ypres and Charleroy, were taken by the enemy. Every body fays, and there are ftrong grounds for believing, that it was a thing agreed upon between the emperor and the French committee of public fafety. Count Matternich does not feem to deny that it was; but how can fuch an arrangement be reconciled with the bloody battle of Sunday laft?

It is rumoured that the emperor, difgufted by the conduct of fome of the allies, and provoked by the obftinacy of the ftates of Brabant and Flanders, offered to the republicans the evacuation of the Auftrian Netherlands as the price of a feparate peace, which they accepted.

July 11. "Since the fatal repulfe on the Sambre, nothing is more difficult than to obtain correct information from the prince of Saxe Cobourg's army. In my laft I wrote to you, according to the accounts received here, but which I did not believe, that the French had been repulfed with great lofs on the 6th. What follows I now write with equal diffidence.

"Our fuccefs on the 6th was much lefs than was at firft imagined, and was followed by a complete reverfe next day. On the 7th, the French returned to the charge, and carried our formidable poffs in the foreft of Soignes, by the bayonet. The prince of Cobourg, after lofing 7000 men, and finding it impoffible to repel the enemy, ordered a retreat, which was executed in good order through Bruffels and its environs, in the night between the 7th and 8th. He had previoufly directed the inhabitants, under pain of death, to confine themfelves to their houfes, within doors and windows fhut, during this retreat. The citizen volunteers maintained a ftrict guard to prevent difcord or plunder, till the arrival of the French, who entered at one gate as the rear of the Auftrians were going out at the oppofite.

"The main body of the prince of Cobourg's army is near Tirlemont. Yefterday morning part of his baggage and artillery arrived here; and this evening we expect 14,000 men to cover Maeftricht on the fide towards Liege.

"Since yefterday morning, more than fifteen boats and 200 waggons, have come in laden with fugitives and their effects from the city of Namur. Thefe fugitives concur in affuring us, that general Beaulieu has evacuated, not only the city, but the citadel, after all the expence beftowed in fortifying it; and that the French will certainly enter both to-morrow. They fay, moreover, that more than 20,000 perfons, attempting to make their efcape from the county of Namur, are detained in Liege for want of means of conveyance; and that the French are expected at Liege this very evening.

"Yefterday morning count de Mercy de Argenteau, paffed through this place in great haffe for the prince of Cobourg's head quarters. It is fuppofed that he will not have to travel fo far as Louvain. The greater part of the archduke Charles's court is ftill here, but in hourly expectation of orders to depart. Count Matternich's baggage is fent to Aix la Chapelle.

"This evening the prince of Heffe expects orders from the Hague to declare Maeftricht in a ftate of fiege. In the mean time the ftreets are full of emigrants, both French and Belgian, there being no room in the houfes to receive them.

"We are informed that the French have pillaged none of the places they have entered, but behaved every where much better than was expected.

"The ftates of Brabant, with M. Limpens their chancellor at their head, have remained at Bruffels, and proteffed againft the feizure by the allied troops of the treafure which they were fending to Holland. This treafure which, as I formerly mentioned, was ftopped at Antwerp, is eftimated at more than twenty millions of florins.

"Valenciennes, Conde, Quefnoy and Landrecy, are all furrounded by the enemy, and muft probably furrender before the end of the month. We are told here that Landrecy is already taken."

HAGUE, *July* 9.

On Sunday laft an extraordinary meeting of the council of ftate was called. The ftadtholder attended both this and another held on Monday; on which day he went alfo to the meeting of the ftates general.

The approach of the French army to our frontier calls for extraordinary meafures, and orders were given in confequence. The environs of Bois le Duc are to be inundated; the inhabitants have been directed to get in their harveft and provide themfelves with provifions as foon as poffible; as have alfo the inhabitants of Bergen-op-Zoom and Maeftricht, from which all ftrangers are ordered to withdraw.

According to advice from Zealand, Sluys in Flanders is befieged, and a body of the enemy has advanced to the Sas de Grand.

With refpect to the action near Bruffels on the 6th, in which the Dutch troops had a principal fhare, we are informed that the French were twice repulfed; but that they returned to the charge a third time; and that the allies were under the neceffity of retreating.

LONDON, *July* 2.

The French are demolifhing the fortifications of feveral places of which they have poffeffed themfelves in the dominions of the king of Sardinia; impofing heavy contributions and carrying off hoftages to fecure the payment of them. All their operations, fince the difcovery of the confpiracy, tend to prove that their plan of carrying on the war in Italy is entirely changed; and that they now mean to confine themfelves to defenfive meafures on that fide.

The national convention decree, that no captain of a fhip fhall fuffer the line to be broken. If the enemy manœuvre in order to break it either before or behind, he muft manœuvre to prevent them, and allow himfelf to be boarded rather than fuffer it to be broken. The captain who fhall fuffer the line to be broken fhall be punifhed with death.

July 15. By the Paris Gazettes, down to the 1ft inft. it would feem that the French are very bufy in fitting out another grand fleet; and they affirm that they will fpeedily rifk another general engagement.

We underftand that Mr. Mafon, the meffenger, who arrived on Friday night from before Nieuport, brings word, that the French have erected batteries on both fides of the arm of the fea which runs up to the town, in confequence of which he could not reach it. Three tranfports, with part of the garrifon on board, had made their efcape; the remainder of the troops were making vigorous defence. We fhould think that our gun boats could deftroy the French batteries near the fea, and by that means enable the remainder of the garrifon of Nieuport to efcape.

REMEDY FOR PUTRID FEVERS.——Yeaft, or barm, to the quantity of three or four fpoonfuls hath been exhibited, in putrid cafes, with the moft fingular efficacy and fuccefs: fo that patients, in the extremity of this very contagious and moft fatal difeafe, have been feen almoft inftantly to have recovered from a dying ftate to perfect fafety.

Probably it will be expedient to ufe a little warm water to waffh the yeaft down the patient's throat, and to adminifter, at the intermediate hours, as ufeful auxiliaries, a few of the moft cuftomary and moft efficacious antifceptic cordials and draughts.

July 17. By a cutter which is arrived at Plymouth from a cruife we are informed, that they looked into Breft, and that the French fleet was taking in a freff fupply of provifions; feveral of them had their fails bent, and the whole fleet appeared to be in fuch forwardnefs as to be ready to put to fea in the courfe of a few days.

Private letters from Naples mention, that upwards of 18,000 perfons loft their lives by the late eruption of Mount Vefuvius.

July 19. The earl of Moira has applied for his recal from the continent and obtained it.

The partifans of the miniffers tell us, that it was at firft right to attempt penetrating into the heart of France, and that it was impoffible to foreffee that the refiftance would be too ftrong. But foreffight is a quality effential to a miniffer, and the want of it in Mr. Pitt, has coft the country fifty millions of money.

If the prince of Saxe Cobourg and his army fhould not be heard of in the courfe of a few days, we underftand they will be advertifed as ftolen or ftrayed.

The king of Pruffia fays he has ftrictly fulfilled the ftipulations of the fubfidiary treaty. He has now on foot a greater number of troops than were bargained for; and as to how thofe troops are to be employed, it was not nominated in the bond.

The blue riband which was generally fuppofed to be intended for earl Howe, was given to the duke of Portland, and on very folid grounds of preference. To accept of a fubordinate place in the cabinet, under the exifting circumftances, required a greater exertion of courage than to beat the French fleet.

If it be true, as has been reported, that the French have prepared a number of gun boats at Cherburgh and St. Maloes, there can be little doubt of their deftination. They muft be intended to co-operate with the army in an attack upon Holland.

Couthon and Robefpierre have complained in the Jacobin club, that fome of the Paris Journals bedaub them with fulfome panegyric. The taffe of our miniffers is not fo fqueamifh. Their ftomachs can digeft any degree of adulation.

July 25. By difpatches from the duke of York, which were yefterday brought to Mr. Dundas's office by the honourable captain Hope, who left the army on Sunday laft, it appears, that, on the day preceding, the French had attacked the earl of Moira's army, and the Britifh army was preparing to retreat to Breda at the time captain Hope came away.

Yefterday advice was received at the admiralty's office of the fafe arrival, at Liverpool and Lancaffer, of the whole of the merchant fhips from Jamaica, belonging to thofe ports.

The whole force of the Britifh fquadron on the other fide of the Atlantic, amounts to 19 fail of the line, one of 50 guns, four of 44 guns, and twenty three frigates from 40 to 28 guns, befides floops, cutters, &c. about three fourths of which are with admiral Sir John Jervis.

A court-martial is certainly to be held at Portfmouth on captain Molloy.

Extract of a letter from the Hague, July 18.

"Mechlin has furrendered to the French, and from the preparations making at Antwerp there is little doubt but it is intended to evacuate that city.

"The hofpital of the Engliff army is tranfported from hence to Flufhing, to be fent to England. The commanders of the Britifh army will eftablifh themfelves at Dordt or Rotterdam.

"The 1300 men from England are arrived at Antwerp.

"The Dutch fought bravely in defence of Malines.

"I am forry to have to inform you that general Clairfayt, with his handful of brave fellows, who have always fought moft courageoufly againft a conftant fuperiority of numbers, has been feverely beaten at Montagne de Fer, and, according to fome accounts, has loft half his troops, the whole of which amounted only to 15,000 men.

"We hear no more of the French before Sluys; the governor's fpirited anfwer to the fummons of the enemy is much admired here.

"The well directed fire of the garrifon of Nieuport, and the fudden encreafed inundation, deftroyed a great number of the French.

"The prince of Orange has, in a very fenfible and fpirited letter recommended the moft vigorous meafures of defence. A levy of one man in ten throughout the Seven Provinces is talked of, which will be a good meafure."

BOSTON, *September* 19.

On Monday laft arrived at Marblehead, captain Knot Pendrick, in a fchooner, in 40 odd days from Madeira. Juft before he left Madeira a veffel arrived there in 8 days from Gibraltar, and brought papers which contain particulars of an engagement between an Engliff frigate and four Algerine cruifers—the fubftance of which was, that the Algerines hailed the Engliffman, and ordered him to bring his papers on board, which the Engliff captain refufed; the order was then repeated, with a threat, that it was not complied with, the Turkiff veffels would fire upon the frigate; the anfwer was, "Fire and be d——d;" an engagement inftantly enfued, which terminated in the finking of two of the Algerine corfairs, and the capture of the other two, which were conducted to Gibraltar.

Sept. 22. Captain Jofeph Chafe arrived at Portfmouth on Saturday laft, in 26 days from Grenada, and informs, that the day before he left that place a packet arrived there from England, which brought accounts that the French had taken Guernfey and Jerfey—that feveral places in Holland had furrendered to them; and that they were faft advancing towards Amfterdam.

ALBANY, *September* 18.

On Monday laft arrived in this city from Michelemakanoch, via Detroit and Niagara, James Niel, an Inhabitant of Beardftown, Nielfon county, Kentucky; and one of the packhorfe men employed by the contractors to general Wayne's army. He fays he was taken by the Indians at the attack on Fort Recovery, ftripped of his cloathing and carried a journey of three weeks weft into the interior of their country; that during the march he was twice tied up to be burnt, but that fome cafualty happened each time which prevented it. On his arrival at Michelemakanoch he was ranfomed by captain Boyle, commanding at that poft, from whom he obtained a pafs to Detroit, where he obtained another pafs to Niagara from colonel England; at Niagara governor Simcoe renewed his pafs, and gave him liberty to return home, and eleven dollars to bear his expences. He confirms the account in our paper of Thurfday laft of the defeat of the Indians at the Miami, and fays feveral white people were with the Indians, as he faw fundry of them who were wounded brought into Detroit while he was there. He alfo fays Simon Girty, and a fon of colonel Magee, who lives at the Rapids of the Miami, commanded the Indians; that Girty publicly declared that he took off captain Gibfon's fcalp.

PITTSBURGH, *September* 20.

On the 6th inft. about 11 miles up Wheelen creek, in Ohio county, the Indians killed three children and fcalped two, wounded a man in the breaft, and took his wife prifoner—and a few days after killed a man a fhort diftance on this fide the mouth of Little Beaver. From all accounts received it appears evident that the Six Nations intend going to war againft us.

It gives us pleafure to mention, that a large majority of the citizens in the four weftern counties have acquiefced in the propofitions made by the commiffioners on the part of the United States and the ftate of Pennfylvania, and there is every profpect that, if fubfcription papers were opened in the different county towns, the fubmiffion would be unanimous.

We are informed by the poftrider from Philadelphia, that governor Mifflin, at the head of 6000 volunteers, is on his march to the rendezvous at Carliffe.

PHILADELPHIA, *September* 23.

We are informed that an expreſs arrived in town yeſterday morning from the weſtward, and brought with him ſome diſpatches for the ſecretary of ſtate. It is reported that Mr. Roſs will be in town in a few days, in order to meet the commiſſioners, when it is probable a particular account of the iſſue of their miſſion will be given. At preſent all that we can learn is, that part of the returns expected from the different townſhips had been received—and that it appears from them that the terms required by the commiſſioners have not been generally complied with. The general returns which were to be made from each county by thoſe who ſuperintended the meeting, do not give the aſſurances required, that the ſubmiſſion in the country is ſo general that an office of inſpection may be ſafely opened therein; and one of them it is ſaid expreſſly ſtates an opinion, ſuch a meaſure would not be ſafe. It is with pleaſure however that we can aſſure the public, that moſt of the men of property and influence have determined to ſupport the authority of government, and the violent and deluded people who are bent on further reſiſtance are left without any leaders of conſequence.

We hear that moſt of the leaders in the inſurrection have ſubſcribed to the teſt of allegiance to the laws of the United States.

Extract of a letter from Trenton, September 22.

"This morning about 700 men (part of general Bloomfield's command) took up the line of march, and croſſed the Delaware, on their route weſtward. They are really a fine body of militia, and if it ſhould unhappily be neceſſary to direct their arms againſt the inſurgents, they are determined to conſider them as the worſt of enemies, and convince them that Jerſey militia will not eaſily part with their arms to foreign or domeſtic foes."

LEXINGTON, *September* 8.

An expreſs arrived here on Saturday evening about 8 o'clock, with letters from the army, from which we have collected the following particulars:—

On the 20th ult. about 146 miles advanced of Greenville, the advance guard, conſiſting of two companies, were attacked by about 1100 Indians and Canadian militia; the attack being ſudden and unexpected, the advance guard fell back on the main army and threw them into confuſion, which occaſioned a retreat of about one hundred paces before they formed again; after forming, not more than two heavy fires were exchanged before they were ordered to charge the enemy, which was inſtantly done; upon which the enemy immediately gave ground, and our men ruſhing forward with ſuch impetuoſity, the enemy were diſlodged from their coverts, and the cavalry taking advantage of that event, purſued them about two miles, when they diſperſed. The action continued about an hour and a quarter; we had about 30 men killed, and 80 wounded; among the former are captain Campbell of the cavalry, and lieutenant Towles of the infantry. Among the latter are captain Slough, captain Vanranſallear, captain Prior and lieutenant Campbell Smith, of the federal army;—Seven of the volunteers were killed, and fourteen wounded. One hundred and twenty-ſeven ſcalps were taken, and a number killed in the river that were not ſcalped. The army remained three days on the ground, and returned to Fort Defiance, at the mouth of the Auglaize, where they were on the 24th ultimo.

The action happened within ſight of a ſtrong Britiſh fort, regularly built, and garriſoned with three hundred men, between forty and fifty miles below Fort Defiance, on the Maumee or the lakes. The commander in chief, ſent a flag to major Campbell, commander of the Britiſh garriſon, to march his men out to the neareſt Britiſh poſt, and give up the fort, both of which he poſitively refuſed. The Indians had 5000 acres of land in corn, all in excellent order on the bottoms of the Maumee river, a conſiderable quantity of which the army have deſtroyed.

The following liſt of the names of the killed and wounded of the Kentucky volunteers, was received this day.

KILLED. John Jackſon, Alexander Innes, William Mitchell, Thomas Moore, William Steel, Benjamin Bell, and James Wiley.

WOUNDED. Captain Rawlings, lieutenant M'Kinney, enſign Duncan. *Privates*, George M'Cullock, John Howard, Robert Scott, John Hinkſton, Iſaac Rankins, James Coſt, James Stewart, Benjamin Bantle, John Montgomery, and William Woodrow.

RICHMOND, *September* 24.

On Thurſday the 11th inſtant, his excellency Henry Lee, commander in chief of the troops ordered out againſt the inſurgents to the weſtward, ſet out for the place of general rendezvous. He was eſcorted 7 miles from the city by the company of light dragoons, commanded by captain Hicks. The artillery, which was drawn up at a ſmall diſtance from the road at the end of the town, ſaluted him as he paſſed. He then took an affectionate farewell of the troops by addreſſing them in a ſhort but eloquent and pathetic manner.

Extract of a letter from Harriſon county, dated 9th September.

A gentleman directly from Limeſtone, in Kentucky, ſays, that general Scott had beſieged and taken Glaistown, a noted harbour of the Indians, killed and taken 300. with the loſs of about 70 of his men—That general Wayne was within about four miles of general Scott's army.

Annapolis, October 2.

At a meeting of the committee of townſhips for the county of Fayette, held in Union-town, on the 17th September, 1794, the following reſolutions were taken into conſideration and adopted.

WHEREAS the inhabi ants of this county have, by a large majority, determined to ſubmit to the laws of the United States and of the ſtate of Pennſylvania; and whereas the general committees of the weſtern counties, held at Parkinſon's ferry, entered into reſolutions for the purpoſe of protecting the perſons and properties of every individual; and whereas it is neceſſary to ſhew to our fellow-citizens throughout the United States, that the character of the inhabitants of the weſtern country is not ſuch as may have been repreſented to them, but that, on the contrary, they are diſpoſed to behave in a peaceable manner, and can preſerve good order among themſelves without the aſſiſtance of a military force.

Reſolved, That it be recommended to the inhabitants of the ſeveral townſhips to take ſuch meaſures as in their opinion will be beſt calculated to preſerve peace and order among themſelves; and that the members of this committee be requeſted to promote ſuch aſſociations among the body of the people as may be neceſſary for the protection of perſons and property of all citizens, and for the ſupport of civil authority.

Reſolved, That a copy of this reſolution be tranſmitted to the neighbouring counties, and that they be invited to take ſimilar meaſures.

Signed by order of the committe,

EDWARD COOK, Chairman.

Atteſt. ALBERT GALLATIN, Secretary.

At a meeting of inhabitants of the town of Pittſburgh, for the purpoſe of conſidering the proſcriptions of certain citizens, during the late diſturbances, in which neceſſity and policy led to a temporary acquieſcence on the part of the town,

IT was unanimouſly reſolved, That the ſaid citizens were unjuſtly exiled, and the ſaid proſcriptions are no longer regarded by the inhabitants of the town of Pittſburgh, and that this reſolution be publiſhed for the purpoſe of communicating theſe ſentiments to thoſe who were the ſubjects of the proſcriptions.

By order,

A. TANNEHILL, Chairman.

By the PRESIDENT of the UNITED STATES of AMERICA.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS from a hope, that the combinations againſt the conſtitution and laws of the United States, in certain of the weſtern counties of Pennſylvania, would yield to time and reflection, I thought it ſufficient, in the firſt inſtance, rather to take meaſures for calling forth the militia, than immediately to embody them;—but the moment is now come, when the overtures of forgiveneſs with no other condition, than a ſubmiſſion to law, have been only partially accepted—when every form of conciliation, not inconſiſtent with the being of government, has been adopted without effect;—when the well diſpoſed, in thoſe counties, are unable by their influence, and example to reclaim the wicked from their fury, and are compelled to aſſociate in their own defence;—when the proffered lenity has been perverſely miſinterpreted into an apprehenſion, that the citizens will march with reluctance;—when the opportunity of examining the ſerious conſequences of a treaſonable oppoſition has been employed in propagating principles of anarchy, endeavouring through emiſſaries to alienate the friends of order from its ſupport, and inviting its enemies to perpetrate ſimilar acts of inſurrection;—when it is manifeſt, that violence would continue to be exerciſed upon every attempt to enforce the laws;—when therefore government is let at defiance, the conteſt being whether a ſmall portion of the United States ſhall dictate to the whole union, and at the expence of thoſe, who deſire peace, indulge a deſperate ambition.

Now therefore, I George Waſhington, Preſident of the United States, in obedience to that high and irreſiſtible duty conſigned to me by the conſtitution "to take care that the laws be faithfully executed;"—deploring that the American name ſhould be ſullied by the outrages of citizens on their own government;—commiſerating ſuch, as remain obſtinate from deluſion;—but reſolved in perfect reliance on that gracious providence which ſo ſignally diſplays its goodneſs towards this country, to reduce the refractory to a due ſubordination to the law;—do hereby declare and make known, that with a ſatisfaction, which can be equalled only by the merits of the militia, ſummoned into ſervice from the ſtates of New-Jerſey, Pennſylvania, Maryland and Virginia, I have received intelligence of their patriotic alacrity, in obeying the call of the preſent, though painful, yet commanding neceſſity; that a force, which according to every reaſonable expectation is adequate to the exigency, is already in motion to the ſcene of diſaffection;—that thoſe who have confided, or ſhall confide in the protection of government, ſhall meet full ſuccour under the ſtandard, and from the arms of the United States;—that thoſe who having offended againſt the law, have ſince entitled themſelves to indemnity, will be treated with the moſt liberal good faith, if they ſhall not have forfeited their claim by any ſubſequent conduct;—and that inſtructions are given accordingly.

And I do moreover exhort all individuals, officers, and bodies of men, to contemplate with abhorrence the meaſures, leading directly or indirectly to thoſe crimes, which produce this reſort to military coercion;—to check, in their reſpective ſpheres, the efforts of miſguided or deſigning men, to ſubſtitute their miſrepreſentations in the place of truth, and their diſcontents in the place of ſtable government;—and to call to mind, that as the people of the United States have been permitted under the divine favour, in perfect freedom, after ſolemn deliberation, and in an enlightened age, to elect their own government; ſo will their gratitude for this meſtimable bleſſing be beſt diſtinguiſhed by firm exertions to maintain the conſtitution and the laws.

And laſtly, I again warn all perſons whomſoever and wheresoever, not to abet, aid or comfort the inſurgents aforeſaid, as they will anſwer the contrary at their peril; and I do alſo require all officers and other citizens according to their ſeveral duties, as far as may be in their power, to bring under the cognizance of the law all offenders in the premiſes.

In teſtimony whereof, I have cauſed the ſeal of the United States of America, to be affixed to theſe preſents, and ſigned the ſame with my hand.

Done at the city of Philadelphia the twenty-fifth day of September, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety-four, and of the Independence of the United States of America, the nineteenth.

Go. WASHINGTON.

By the Preſident,

EDM. RANDOLPH.

I SHALL petition the next general aſſembly of Maryland, in November, for an act of inſolvency to releave me from debts which I am unable to pay.

THOMAS BOND.

Saint Mary's county, September 1, 1794.

To be RENTED,

For the enſuing year,

A FARM, ſituated on Magothy river, with a number of hands, and ſtock of all kinds. For terms apply to

RUTH DAVIS.

Annapolis, September 30, 1794.

John and David Carruthers,

Have juſt imported in the CHARLOTTE, capt. CERVING, from HULL,

A GENERAL aſſortment of FALL and WINTER GOODS, which they will diſpoſe of by the piece or package, on the moſt reaſonable terms, for CASH, or PRODUCE, at their ſtore lately occupied by Meſſieurs WALLACE and MUIR.

The Baltimore prices will be allowed for produce.

N. B. They are in daily expectation of the arrival of the NANCY and CAMILLA, by whom their aſſortment will be very complete.

Annapolis, September 30, 1794.

THE ſubſcriber reſpectfully informs the public that he has opened a MEDICINAL SHOP, in the lower end of Church-ſtreet, near to the market, where he will diſpoſe of the following medicines, on the moſt reaſonable terms, in ſmall quantities, by the doſe or otherwiſe, Peruvian bark, glauber ſalts, camphor, rhubarb, ſenna, manna, cinnamon, Spaniſh flies, emetic tartar, ipicacuana, magneſia, cream of tartar, flours of ſulphur, ſarſaparilla, ſocotorine aloes, hepatic aloes, gamboge, jalap, aſſafœtida, myrrh, gentian, guaiacum, calomel, turbith mineral, golden ſulphur of antimony, crude antimony, corroſive, mercury ſublimate, red precipitate, white precipitate, quick ſilver, eſſential oil of aniſeed, oil of peppermint, oil of ſpearmint, caſtor oil, verdigreaſe, blue vitriol, white vitriol, borax, nitre, ſpirit of hartſhorn, ſpirit of ſal ammoniac, laudanum, antimonial wine, paregoric elixir, dulcified ſpirit of nitre, pennyroyal oil, dulcified ſpirit of vitriol, Godfrey's cordial, Daffy's elixir, Bateman's pectoral drops, eſſence of peppermint, with a variety of other medicines too tedious to mention.

The ſubſcriber alſo will give directions, gratis, to thoſe that are unacquainted with the uſe of medicines, if requeſted, having ſtudied ſurgery and phyſic in Edinburg and Glaſgow univerſities.

T. EDGAR.

Annapolis, September 30, 1794.

THE citizens of Annapolis, anxious to prevent the introduction of the malignant fever in Baltimore-town to this place, having this day entered into certain regulations to prevent the ſame, which is moſt likely to enſue from large aſſemblages of people, and having agreed to poſtpone the RACE for the CITY PURSE to a future day, and having expreſſed a deſire that the RACE for the JOCKEY CLUB PURSE ſhould alſo be poſtponed, we, the ſubſcribers to the Jockey Club purſe, in conſideration of the circumſtances, have thought proper to poſtpone the ſame, and do accordingly reſolve the ſame be poſtponed until the firſt Tueſday in November next.

By order,

JESSE DEWEES, Secretary.

Annapolis, Tueſday, September 30, 1794.

ALL perſons having claims againſt the eſtate of SOLOMON JOHNSON, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceaſed, are requeſted to preſent their claims, properly authenticated, by the firſt day of Auguſt next, and thoſe indebted to ſaid eſtate are deſired to make immediate payment, to

MARY JOHNSON, } Executors.
JOSHUA JOHNSON, }

September 29, 1794.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application will be made to the next general aſſembly of the ſtate of Maryland, to paſs a law, ſimilar to a law of the ſtate of Virginia, for the purpoſe of giving a more ſpeedy remedy againſt delinquent ſubſcribers to the Patowmack Company, and for altering the place of receiving tolls on the upper part of the river Patowmack, alſo for regulating the boats employed on the inland navigation of the ſaid river.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application will be made to the next general aſſembly, for an act to record a deed from Valentine Murray, late a ſoldier in the Maryland line, to Philip Ford, for lot number four hundred and four, in Allegany county.

September 15, 1794. 8w

For SALE.

The ſubſcriber offers for SALE the following property in the city of Annapolis, to wit:

THE HOUSE and LOT where he now lives, in School-ſtreet, and three houſes fronting on Church-ſtreet; a lot of 4¼ acres of land on the hill outſide of the city, on which is a wind-mill, ſtable, coach-houſe, hen-houſe, and a ſmall dwelling houſe, with a large garden paled in; the whole of the improvements almoſt new, and the whole of the lot incloſed with a poſt and rail fence. For terms apply to

ARCHIBALL CHISHOLM.

Annapolis, September 25, 1794.

To be SOLD,

By PRIVATE BARGAIN,

ABOUT 167 acres of LAND, part of ANNE-ARUNDEL MANOR, lying within half a mile of the Croſs-Roads. For terms apply to *M. Stewart*, at Doden, near South-river church.

By virtue of a decree of the honourable the chancellor of Maryland, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, on the premiſes, on the 31ſt day of October next, at 12 o'clock, A. M.

THE reverſion of JONATHAN HUDSON, infant heir of JONATHAN HUDSON, deceaſed, to the lot of ground, and all the improvements thereon, lying in Baltimore-town, at the interſection of Baltimore and Charles-ſtreets, being that part of the real eſtate of the ſaid Hudſon which was aſſigned to his widow for her dower.

The purchaſer of the above property is to give bonds, with two approved ſecurities, for the amount of the ſame, payable in equal payments in one, two, and three years from the day of ſale, with legal intereſt on each bond till paid.

MARGARET HUDSON, Truſtee.

Baltimore, September 18, 1794.

To be SOLD, to the HIGHEST BIDDER, for READY MONEY, on the fourth of October next, at ten o'clock, if fair, if not the Monday following,

THE ſubſcriber's HOUSE and LOT in Londontown, near South river ferry, with a good new ſtable, garden and apple orchard, all the encloſures in good repair; the houſe has a chimney at each end with five fire places in them, a good kitchen and cellar underneath the houſe, with plank floors to both, laid upon locuſt ſleepers, and large glaſs windows, which render the lower part of the houſe as agreeable as the upper; there is a way through the houſe into the kitchen and one outſide. Poſſeſſion will be given on the laſt of October, or before if required, with a deed.

WILLIAM SEFTON.

September 24, 1794.

On Monday the 27th day of October next, if fair, if not the firſt fair day, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, at eleven o'clock, A. M. on the premiſes,

ONE hundred and fifteen and three quarter acres of LAND, bounding on a creek leading into Magothy river, lying about half way between the city of Annapolis and Baltimore-town; this land is well wooded and watered, and has ſome rail timber. Any perſon wiſhing to view the land before the day of ſale will be pleaſed to apply to the ſubſcriber, at his farm on South river. The terms will be made known on the day of ſale.

RICHARD BEARD.

South river, September 24, 1794.

THE ſubſcribers forewarn all perſons from hunting on their lands, on Weſt river, with either dog or gun, as they are determined to put the law in force againſt all who do not pay due reſpect to this notice.

PETER PARRISH,
JOHN TUCKER.

Weſt river, September 15, 1794.

CASH given for Clean Linen and Cotton RAGS,

At the Printing-Office.

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, living in the city of Annapolis, about the 19th of Auguſt, an apprentice lad to the tailoring buſineſs, named GEORGE M'NEIR. Whoever apprehends the ſaid lad and ſecures him ſo that I get him again, ſhall receive a REWARD of ONE DOLLAR, and if brought home, all reaſonable charges, paid by

THOMAS M'NEIR.

Annapolis, September 9, 1794.

NOTICE.

I AM under the diſagreeable neceſſity, from the many depredations and robberies that have been committed on Strawberry-Hill, to forbid all perſons whatſoever from hunting with dog or gun, or otherwiſe treſpaſſing on the ſaid farm, as after this notice the firſt offender will be proſecuted, by

RICHARD SPRIGG.

Strawberry-Hill, September 11, 1794.

THE ſubſcriber is under the painful neceſſity of thus giving public notice, that he intends to apply to the general aſſembly, at their next ſeſſion, for an act of inſolvency in his favour, on his ſurrendering all his property for the benefit of his creditors.

JACOB DUVALL, of John.

Prince-George's county, September 7, 1794.

COMMITTED to my cuſtody, a few days ago, as a runaway, a negro man named DICK SHORTER, who ſays he belongs to JAMES EGERTON, near Chaptico, in St. Mary's county. His maſter is hereby requeſted to pay his fees and take him away, or he will be ſold, according to law, in two months from this date, by

WILLIAM GOLDSMITH, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

Auguſt 28, 1794.

THE VESTRY of SHREWSBURY PARISH, Kent county, and ſtate of Maryland, give notice, that they intend prefering a petition to the next general aſſembly, for an act authoriſing them to commence a ſcheme of a lottery, for the purpoſe of finiſhing the chapel, in ſaid pariſh.

By order of the veſtry,

JOHN HURTT, Regiſter.

Auguſt 1, 1794.

THE ſale of the property of VACHEL STARKS, as mentioned in the Maryland Gazette on the fourth of this month, is poſtponed to the third day of January next.

BARUCK FOWLER, Truſtee.

Annapolis, September 25, 1794.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to apply to the next general aſſembly of Maryland, to correct the ſecond courſe of a tract of land granted by patent to William Middleton, on the twentieth day of July, ſeventeen hundred and forty-three, containing one hundred acres, called MIDDLETON'S RICH THICKETTS; this courſe, as mentioned in the patent, is ſaid to run north eighty degrees eaſt fifty perches, whereas by the certificate of ſurvey on the 4th of May, 1742, made by William Hanſon, the then deputy ſurveyor of this county, the ſaid courſe runs north only eight degrees eaſt fifty perches; this land I purchaſed of the ſaid William Middleton on the 30th day of Auguſt, 1758, according to the courſes mentioned in the patent, (not having at that time ſeen the certificate) which contain only ſeventy odd acres inſtead of one hundred for which I paid.

SAM. HANSON.

Charles county, September 18, 1794.

Dancing School.

CITIZEN ROBARDET reſpectfully informs the ladies and gentlemen of the city of Annapolis, that his Dancing School will be opened on Thurſday the 25th inſt. he ſolicits the patronage of the citizens in general—Hours of tuition will be agreeable to the parents of his pupils. An eveing ſchool will be opened for the young gentlemen of the college who will favour the ſchool, which will not interfere with their inſtruction at college, and will begin at five o'clock.

A practiſing ball will be given every other four weeks, and the parents of his pupils, and the ladies of the city, are gratefully invited without the ceremony of cards. Notice will be given to them by his pupils.

NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that I intend to petition the general aſſembly of Maryland, at their next ſeſſion, praying an act may paſs to liberate my body from confinement, and to exclude me from further arreſt, on giving up all my property in truſt for the uſe of my creditors.

WILLIAM BRAUNER, jun.

September 1, 1794.

NOTICE, that I intend to petition the next general aſſembly of Maryland, at their next ſeſſion, for an act of inſolvency to relieve me from debts which I am unable to pay.

HENRY HILL, jun.

September 8, 1794.

THE ſubſcriber, being appointed a truſtee by the high court of chancery for the purpoſe of ſelling and conveying certain tracts of land, mortgaged by Benjamin Reeder, formerly of Charles county, to Meſſieurs Uriah Forreſt and Benjamin Stoddert, hereby gives notice, that in purſuance of a decree of the ſaid court, the ſaid land, conſiſting of 621 acres, lying in Charles county, will be SOLD, on the PREMISES, on Saturday the fourth day of October next, for READY MONEY; this land is ſituated in a good neighbourhood, about eleven miles from Port-Tobacco, eight from Chaptico, and two from Pile's warehouſe, on navigable water, and is conſidered to be well adapted to the produce of corn, wheat and tobacco; about ſixty acres thereof may be converted with little expence, into very good meadow, which, with the advantage of its ſufficiency of wood, excellent water, and convenient ſituation to market, renders it but little inferior to any land in the county; the buildings thereon are two tolerable good dwelling houſes, with other convenient houſes ſuitable to the purpoſes of a planter or farmer.

HENRY H. CHAPMAN, Truſtee.

Charles county, Auguſt 31, 1794.

To be SOLD, to the HIGHEST BIDDER, on Monday the third of November next, if fair, if not the firſt fair day,

THAT valuable FARM adjacent SAMUEL RAWLINGS's, containing three hundred acres of land, more or leſs, one third of which is timbered; it is needleſs to ſay any thing about the quality of the ſoil, as it is expected every gentleman that means to buy will view the land before they bid. The terms of ſale are, that one half of the purchaſe money be paid on the day of ſale, the other half to be paid in two annual payments, the purchaſer giving bond upon intereſt with approved ſecurity, upon failure of the payment November, 1795, the bond will be put in ſuit immediately for the whole ſum. Poſſeſſion will be given the firſt day of January, 1795.

Alſo, a parcel of NEGROES will be ſold for caſh only, on the ſame day, conſiſting of men, women, boys and girls, by

NICHOLAS WATKINS, of Stephen.

N. B. The ſale will begin at eleven o'clock.

September 12, 1794.

To be SOLD, on the firſt Monday in October next, in Port-Tobacco-town,

ABOUT one hundred acres of LAND, lying within two miles of the town, lately the property of colonel FRANCIS WARE, late ſheriff. The terms of ſale will be made known, and a plot of the land ſhewn, on the day of ſale, by

THOMAS A. DYSON, Agent from the truſtees of Francis Ware.

September 11, 1794.

One Thouſand Dollars Reward.

SOME few COUNTERFEIT POST NOTES of the Bank of Maryland, having been lately diſcovered in circulation, and on tracing the ſame were found to come from the back parts of Virginia, where they have probably firſt iſſued; to avoid impoſition, it is thought neceſſary to give the following deſcription of them, by which they may be readily detected:—

They have the letter D for their alphabetical mark, at the left hand ſide of the note.

The paper on which they are printed is more ſoft and tender, the ſtrokes of the letters in the engraving are in general ſtronger, and have a darker appearance than in the true bills.

The ſignature, *Wm. Patterſon*, is badly done; the ſtrokes of all the letters are ſtiff and laboured, and appear to be painted over with the pen, as well as the flouriſh under the name.

The value is left blank in the engraving, to be filled up in writing, ſo that the ſum may be more or leſs, at pleaſure.

No true Poſt Notes of the alphabetical mark above deſcribed, have been lately iſſued, and very few are now in circulation.

The above reward of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS will be paid to the perſon or perſons who ſhall diſcover and proſecute to conviction the ſeveral offenders, or any of them, of the following deſcription, viz.

The perſon or perſons who manufactured the paper on which the bills are printed.

The perſon or perſons who engraved the plate.

The printer or printers of the bills.

Every perſon who has acted as principal in any way, in the counterfeiting and uttering the ſaid bills.

WM. PATTERSON, Preſident of the Bank of Maryland.

Baltimore, April 7, 1794.

N. B. The printers in the neighbouring ſtates are requeſted to republiſh the above.

FISHER & COLE,

BOOK-SELLERS, BOOK-BINDERS, and STATIONERS,

Three doors weſt of *Yates* and *Campbell's Vendue Store*, Market-ſtreet, Baltimore,

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public in general, that they have lately eſtabliſhed a BOOK and STATIONARY STORE, in Baltimore, and humbly ſolicit the patronage of a generous public, whoſe favours they will endeavour to merit. They are now aſſorted with books on every ſubject in polite literature. Among the many valuable *new publications*, they have now on hand, are the following:—

	Dols.	Cts.
Paine's works, complete, in 2 vols.	2	0
American Biography, 1ſt vol.—to be continued,	1	50
Moore's Travels, 2 vols.—8vo.	3	50
Do. Journal in France, 2 vols.—12 mo.	1	75
Morſe's Geography, elegant, 2 vols.—8vo.	4	50
Do. ſheep bound,	3	50
Do. abridged, for uſe of ſchools,	1	

Pindar's works, 2 vols.—Complete Letter Writer, Love and Gibſon's Surveying, Williams's Letters on the French Revolution.—Alſo,—Folio, Quarto, Royal, Octavo, and Duodecimo Bibles, School Books of all kinds, a new edition of the Common Prayer, for the Proteſtant Epiſcopal church, price from 6ſ. to 35ſ. And a great variety of Hiſtory, Divinity, Medicine Philoſophy, Chemiſtry, Novels, &c. &c. too numerous to be contained in a newſpaper.

Orders from gentlemen in the country, ſhall be carefully attended to. They expect in a few days a new and elegant edition of *Steuben's Military Diſcipline, &c. with copper plates.*

NOW in the PRESS, and ſpeedily will be PUBLISHED,

By FISHER and COLE,

A PAMPHLET, entitled,

PROSPECTS on WAR AND PAPER CURRENCY,

The FIRST AMERICAN EDITION,

By THOMAS PAINE,

Author of RIGHTS of MAN, COMMON SENSE, &c.

Baltimore, July 13, 1794.

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, living in Prince-George's county, near Nottingham, on the 8th inſtant, a likely young negro man named JEM, but may paſs by the name of JAMES BUTLER, an artful fellow, about twenty five years of age, five feet ſix or eight inches high, thick and well made, has a very black complexion, round full eyes, the whites of which have a reddiſh caſt; had on and took with him an old fearnought round jacket, a red broadcloth waiſtcoat with oſnabrig backs, a very good nankeen waiſtcoat and breeches, a good Iriſh linen ſhirt tuckered at the boſom, an oſnabrig ditto, an oſnabrig frock, a pair of brown rolls trouſers, a pair of thread ſtockings, a large country made wool hat, with a double lining and bound with black ferret. Whoever takes up ſaid fellow and brings him home to the ſubſcriber, if taken twenty miles from home ſhall receive TEN DOLLARS REWARD, if out of the ſtate TWENTY DOLLARS, including what the law allows, and reaſonable expences, paid by

WILLIAM SASSCEAR.

September 9, 1794.

To be SOLD, at the late dwelling plantation of THOMAS HOPEWELL, deceased, on Port-Tobacco creek, on Monday the thirteenth day of October next, if fair, if not the first fair day,

A QUANTITY of likely young horses, mares, and cattle, with a variety of other articles too tedious to mention. The above to be sold for ready money only.

CLARE GREEN HOPEWELL, Executrix of Thomas Hopewell, sen.

N. B. There will also be exposed to sale, at same time, a likely negro man, a woman, and two male children.

Charles county, September 11, 1794. 9X

NOTICE.

Pursuant to the last will of ELY DORSEY, senior, deceased, will be SOLD, by the subscriber, on the premises, to the HIGHEST BIDDER, on Friday the thirty-first day of October next,

THE following valuable LANDS, situate on Elk-Ridge, near Ellicott's lower mills, where the late Ely Dorsey kept a quarter, DORSEY'S SEARCH, containing by patent four hundred and seventy-nine acres of land; Part of FREEBORN'S PROGRESS, containing one hundred and thirty-five acres; these two tracts adjoin each other, and abound with a large quantity of excellent timothy meadow, have improvements thereon fit for the accommodation of an overseer and slaves, with a barn and some other necessary outhouses; these two parcels of land will be laid off into lots for the convenience of purchasers. Also a tract of land called TIMBER NECK, within half a mile of Ellicott's lower mills, containing by patent fifty acres, on which is a small tenement, under lease that will not expire for several years.

At the same time and place will be sold, sundry personal property belonging to the said estate, consisting of horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, and plantation utensils of all kinds; also a large quantity of Indian corn, hay, fodder and straw.

The lands will be sold on a credit of one, two, and three years, with interest and one third of the principal payable yearly. The purchaser to give bond with approved security. The terms of sale for the personal property will be cash.

DEBORAH DORSEY, Executrix.

Elk-Ridge, September 12, 1794. 3

NOTICE.

THE subscriber will lease his FARM, lying on the bay, and within four miles of Annapolis, called BELLE MONT, with or without the stock and farming utensils, for the term of three years, to commence from the first day of January next, when possession will be given. This farm contains about 700 acres, 300 of which are cleared, laid off in fields, and under a good fence of chesnut rails; the soil is mixed and well adapted to the growth of Indian corn, rye, and tobacco; and small fields may be selected for wheat, which will produce, if the year is seasonable, from ten to twenty bushels for one seeded. There are on it several springs of good water, an apple orchard of 3 or 400 trees, a peach orchard of not less than 1000 trees, and upwards of 300 cherry trees, a good farm house and garden, a negro quarter, a barn 40 by 20, with sheds, two corn houses, three stables, a dairy, pigeon house, and poultry houses, and a good landing within 200 yards of the farm house. Bond with good security will be required for payment of the rent and performing the covenants in the lease.

J. T. CHASE.

September 15, 1794. 3

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to petition the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, for an act to release him from debts he is unable to pay.

WILLIAM FOXCROFT.

Annapolis, September 15, 1794. 3

THIS is to forewarn all persons whatsoever from dealing with my wife ANNE LETTELL, as I am determined to stand to no contracts of hers nor pay any of her debts after this 13th of September, 1794. 3X

JESSE LETTELL.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of *Caroline Orrick*, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are requested to exhibit them, regularly proved, to the subscriber, for payment, on or before the first Monday in October next, as the executor intends making a final settlement of the estate, and a distribution thereof, according to the last will of the deceased, at the ensuing orphans court.

ROBERT DORSEY, Executor.

Elk-Ridge Landing, August 20, 1794. 6X

WANTED, 41

A MULATTO YOUTH, from seventeen to twenty years of age. A generous price will be given for one who can be well recommended for honesty and sobriety. Inquire of the PRINTERS.

FOR SALE,

A TRACT of LAND, containing 900 acres, in the county of Harrison, and state of Virginia, within a few miles of the town of Clarksburgh. For terms apply to 3X

JESSE DEWEES.

Annapolis, December 4, 1793.

PUBLIC SALE.

On Tuesday the 7th day of October next, if fair, if not the first fair day, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at Messieurs YATES and CAMPBELL'S vendue store, in Baltimore-town, I shall EXPOSE to SALE the following property, to wit:

A TRACT or parcel of LAND lying in Baltimore county, called CARROLL'S SCRUTINY, said to contain five hundred and seventy-six acres, formerly the property of the PRINCIPIO COMPANY, purchased of the State of Maryland by Mr. Mark Alexander, and from which purchase he hath been released; the whole of this land will be sold together or in small quantities, so as to accommodate those who may be desirous of becoming purchasers, and on the following terms, viz. a credit of three years from the first day of December last, one third of the principal, and interest on the whole, to be paid on or before the first day of December next, and so on annually until the whole principal and interest is discharged. Two thirds of the principal may be paid in depreciation or other liquidated specie certificates, issued by the State of Maryland, or six per cent. stock of the United States, one third in the deferred stock of the United States, and the interest in specie only. Bonds with approved security will be required of the purchasers immediately, and should they refuse or neglect to bond when required, they subject themselves to all loss, if any, on a second sale, and all expences attending the first. Information respecting this property may be had of major Thomas Yates, of Baltimore-town.

RANDOLPH B. LATIMER, Agent for the State of Maryland.

Annapolis, September 1, 1794. 4X

RAN away from the subscriber, living at the lower ferry of Patapsco, some time in June past, a bright mulatto man named GEORGE, about twenty years of age, five feet eight or nine inches high, with long bushy wool, he is very fond of strong drink, and when in liquor is very talkative; his cloathing is unknown; he has rowed in the ferry boat at the lower ferry of Patapsco these five or six years, and is known by a great number of people that have crossed that ferry. Whoever takes up said runaway, and secures him in any gaol, so that I get him again, shall receive SIX DOLLARS REWARD, and if brought home all reasonable charges, by

ANNE MERCER, Administratrix of PEREGRINE MERCER, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased.

July 15, 1794. 11

Twelve Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY, the 15th of June last, negro BOB, eighteen years of age, about five feet six or eight inches high, has a large scar on the calf of one of his legs, and is a strong well made lad; he had on a brown cloth coat, brown jacket, striped holland overalls, osnabrig shirt, and a white hat. I will give the above reward to any person who will apprehend, and secure, the said negro, and pay all reasonable charges if brought home.

BENJAMIN MACKALL, 4th.

Calvert county, July 30, 1794. 3

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, living in Prince-George's county, near Upper-Marlborough, on Tuesday the 22d of July, a negro man named NED, of a very black complexion, twenty-eight years of age, about five feet ten or eleven inches high, he has lost two of his upper fore teeth; had on and took with him a mixed coloured broad cloth coat, a pair of green cotton trousers, a pair of green breeches, a white cotton jacket, a white linen shirt, and many other cloaths not sufficiently known to be described. Whoever apprehends the said fellow and secures him, so that I get him again, shall receive a reward of TEN DOLLARS, and if the distance exceeds twenty miles TWENTY DOLLARS, and all reasonable expences, if brought home. 3X

EDWARD HENRY CALVERT.

To be SOLD,

At private Sale,

ABOUT two thousand acres of LAND, lying on South river, about nine miles from Annapolis; said land is divided into three tenements, all well improved, and abounding in timber of the first quality.

There is also on said land a good MILL, now in good order, running two pair of stones, with about twenty acres of meadow before the door now in timothy, and much more may be made with very little expence. The above land will be sold altogether, or in lots from two to three hundred acres, as may best suit the purchasers. Persons inclinable to purchase may know the terms by applying to

SAMUEL MACCUBBIN.

Beard's creek, Anne-Arundel county, May 10, 1794. 19

TO BE RENTED,

A PLANTATION opposite to the city of Annapolis, known by the name of BEAMAN'S FORT; there will be fifty bushels of wheat seeded on the same this fall; there are three negroes, one man and two women, to be rented with the farm. For terms apply to Mr. THOMAS HYDE, in Annapolis, or to the subscriber.

DAVID KERR.

Easton, 27th August, 1794. 4

*** ALMANAC's, for the year 1795, for SALE at this OFFICE.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY, on Wednesday the 26th of March from the subscriber, living at Allen's Fresh, a bright mulatto slave named PHILL CARTER, about twenty-four or twenty-five years of age, five feet nine or ten inches high, has a small scar on his forehead, a round face, full of pimples, his ankles crack very much when he walks, he has been accustomed to attend on horses, and waiting about a house; he went on and took with him a new parson's gray cloth coat, with three buttons on each of the sleeves and pockets, a striped waistcoat, and satinet breeches, mixt stocking, new coarse shoes, and a round hat, also a striped coat, buff cassimer jacket and breeches; he stole before he went off a large sum of money, and on the 18th of April he came to my plantation and stole a small sized mare, big with foal, branded on her left thigh thus, W. about twelve hands high. I am informed he has passed as a free man, and has sold goods, and said that he traded to Alexandria, George-town, and Annapolis; it is very possible that he is gone to Baltimore, as his father is living there on Howard's Hill, and is a drayman, his name is JAMES CARTER. Whoever apprehends the said negro and mare, so that I get them again, shall receive the above reward, SIXTEEN DOLLARS will be given for the negro, and, if brought home, all reasonable charges paid.

RICHARD MASON.

N. B. All masters of vessels are forewarned taking off the above negro at their peril. 15

Allen's Fresh, Charles county, May 12, 1794.

NOTICE is hereby given, that petitions will be presented to the next general assembly of Maryland from Saint Mary's, Charles, Calvert and Prince-George's counties, praying a law for establishing some one place on Patuxent river, which to the legislature shall appear most fit and proper, for the reception, inspection, and exportation of tobacco, in lieu of the several warehouses now established by the justices of said counties for that purpose, when there shall be built and erected at such place houses sufficient to contain the tobaccoes, and wharfs to admit ships to lay along side thereof and receive their cargoes.

August 4, 1794. 4

NOTICE, that I intend petitioning the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, for an act of insolvency to relieve me from debts which I am unable to pay.

BENJ. HARRISON.

September 1, 1794. 4

Just Published,

And for SALE by the PRINTERS hereof, 3X

The ACT to regulate and discipline the MILITIA of this STATE,

WITH

The MANUAL EXERCISE, and DIRECTIONS for forming a COMPANY, BATTALION and REGIMENT.

Price *only* a QUARTER DOLLAR. 9

EDWARDS's BALTIMORE DAILY ADVERTISER has been considerably enlarged within these few weeks past, and is now little inferior to any daily publication on the continent. The earliest and most authentic information, both foreign and domestic, shall be given in this paper, and from its very extensive circulation throughout the union, it is presumed to be an important vehicle for advertisements, &c. &c. Subscriptions for the above at SIX DOLLARS per annum (one half to be paid on subscribing,) are taken in at the Printing-office of F. and S. Green, in Annapolis, and by the editor, Philip Edwards, in Market-street, Baltimore.

*** Advertisements not exceeding a square, inserted four times for *one* dollar, and for every continuance thereafter, eighteen cents. 24

THE subscriber, intending to leave this part of the country in a short time, finds it necessary to remind those persons who are indebted to him on his private account, or as partner with his brother, Dr. JAMES MURRAY, that it is necessary their several accounts should be closed in a short time, for this purpose he has appointed Mr. JOHN STEWART, at Dr. James Murray's, to settle and receive the several balances that are due, and he is also directed to use compulsory methods in every instance where it may be necessary.

W. MURRAY.

Annapolis, May 7, 1794. 7

AGREEABLY to the constitution and form of government, an election will be held, in the city of Annapolis, on Monday the sixth day of October next, for the choice of four delegates to represent Anne-Arundel county in the next general assembly.

At the same time and place an election will be held for the purpose of choosing one member to represent the second district of this state in the congress of the United States.

WILLIAM GOLDSMITH, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

August 25, 1794. 6X

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.